Implementation: Jun. 4, 2013 Issue Date: Apr. 1, 2025

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Product and company (manufacturer) identification

Product: Manufacturer:

Address: Responsible section:

Telephone: Urgent telephone: Fax: Urgent contact:

Application & restriction

Document number:

2. Hazards identification

GHS Classification

Physicochemical hazards:

Health hazards:

Eslon Draintight 502A Sekisui Chemical Co., Ltd. Toranomon 2–10–4, Minato–ku, Tokyo 105–8566 Urban Infrastructure & Environmental Products Company Infrastructure and Building Pipe Systems Division +81–3–6748–6492

+81-3-6748-6492 +81-3-6748-6564 Same as above Bonding agent for polyvinyl chloride piping system for sewers. Other applications are prohibited. #502A

Explosives	Not classified
Flammable gases	Not classified
Aerosols	Not classified
Oxidizing gases	Not classified
Gases under pressure	Not classified
Flammable liquids	Not classified
Flammable solids	Not classified
Self-active chemicals	Not classified
Pyrophoric liquids	Not classified
Pyrophoric solids	Not classified
Self-heating chemicals	Classification not possible
Chemicals which, in contact with	Not classified
water, emit flammable gases	
Oxidizing liquids	Not classified
Oxidizing solids	Not classified
Organic peroxides	Not classified
Substances corrosive to metals	Classification not possible
Desensitized explosives	Not classified
Acute toxicity (oral)	Not classified
Acute toxicity (dermal)	Classification not possible
Acute toxicity (inhalation: gas)	Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation: vapor)	Classification not possible
Acute toxicity (inhalation: dust and	Classification not possible
mist)	
Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
Eye damage/irritation	Category 2B
Respiratory sensitization	Classification not possible
Skin sensitization	Category 1
Germ cell mutagenicity	Classification not possible
Carcinogenicity	Classification not possible
Reproductive toxicity	Classification not possible
Specific target organ toxicity	Category 3 (respiratory tract irritancy)
(single exposure)	
Specific target organ toxicity	Category 1 (respiratory system)
(repeated exposure)	
Aspiration hazard	Classification not possible
Hazard to the aquatic environment	Category 1
(Acute hazard)	Ostanova 1
Hazard to the aquatic environment	Category 1

(Long-term hazard) Hazard to the ozone layer Classification not possible

Pictogram or symbol:

Environmental hazards:



Signal word:	Danger
Hazard statement:	(H315+H320) Causes skin and eye irritation
	(H317) May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	(H335) May cause respiratory irritation.
	(H372) Causes damage to organs (respiratory) through prolonged or repeated
	exposure.
	(H410) Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statement:	
-	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. (P260)
	Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray. (P261)
	Wash hands and eyes thoroughly after handling. (P264)
	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. (P270)
	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. (P271)
	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. (P272)
	Avoid release to the environment. (P273)
	Wear protective gloves. (P280)
	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. (P302+P352)
	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position
	comfortable for breathing. (P304+P340)
	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact
	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. (P305+P351+P338)
	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. (P312)
	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. (P314)
	Specific treatment (see the label). (P321)
	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. (P332+P313)
	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. (P333+P313)
	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. (P337+P313)
	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. (P362+P364)
	Collect spillage. (P391)
	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. (P403+P233)
	Store locked up. (P405)
	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with
	local/regional/national/international regulations. (P501)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Nature of composition: Chemical or common name: Hazardous ingredients:

Liquid epoxy resin Reaction product of bisphenol A and epichlorohydrin, Titanium oxide, Portland cement

Component	Content	CAS Number	Reference Number in Gazetted List in Japan	Others
Reaction product of bisphenol A and epichlorohydrin	30 to 35%	25068-38-6	(7)–1283	
Trimethylolpropane triglycidyl ether	5 to 14%	30499-70-8	(7)-343	
Silica (amorphous)	5 to 14%	112926-00-8	(1)-548	
Titanium oxide	1 to 10%	13463-67-7	(1)-558	
Portland cement	45 to 50%	65997-15-1	-	

XThe content is listed as a range as it is confidential information.

Mixture

4. First-aid measures

If vapor is inhaled:	Take the affected person to a clean-air space and give him rest in a easy- breathing pose.
	Seek physician's counsel as may be needed.
If touched to skin:	Immediately wipe off and wash the skin with plenty water and soap.
	Take off the contaminated clothing's for cleaning.
	Seek physicians counsel if he suffers from irritation or drowsiness.
If gets in eye:	Rinse cautiously with plenty water over 15 minutes.
	Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
	Seek physician's counsel.
If swallowed:	Immediately seek physician's counsel.

Special note to physician:

Rinse the mouth well and drink a lot of water to vomit. No information

5. Fire-fighting measures	
Extinguishing agents:	Carbon dioxide, powder agent, foam agent
Prohibited extinguishing agent:	Water flux
Specific hazards:	Fire may cause to generate irritant, toxic or erosive gas.
	Easily flammable. It will readily be ignited by heat, spark or flame.
	Heating of container may cause explosion.
Proper extinguishing method:	Easily inflammable liquid and vapor. Remove surrounding combustibles and use extinguishing agents.
Proper extinguishing method.	Use foam agent to choke a large scale fire.
	Fight against fire standing to its windward as much as possible and wear
	Respirator if necessary.
	The use of water can spread the fire and be dangerous.
6. Accidental release measures	Workers should use protective wears (See Chapter 8) to prevent contact with
aid	the spilt adhesive and inhalation of its vapor.
	Rope off the crowd from the leak spot.
Environmental hazard precaution:	Prevent flow out to river, etc. so as not to badly affect the environment.
Recovery and neutralization:	For small scale leakage, use absorbent (sawdust, dirt, sand, waste rug) to remove
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	most of the spill and collect in sealed containers.
	For large scale leakage, build bank around the spill and lead the liquid to a safer
	place for recovery.
	Alternatively, absorb the spillage onto sand, rags, etc. and collect it in a sealed
	container.
Prevention of secondary casualty:	Quickly remove all the combustibles from around the leak spot and provide
	extinguishers ready for use.
7. Handling and storage precautions	
Handling	
Technical measures:	Use protective wears if inhalation or skin contact is foreseen.
	No open flames.
Local & total ventilation:	Handling work must be practiced in a room where local or total ventilation facility
	is functioning.
Safe handling:	Ban of high temperature substance, sparking and fire at nearby points.
	Prohibition of eating, drinking and smoking while the product is used. Wash hands well after handling.
	Avoid contact of the product with eye, skin and clothing.
	Do not inhale vapor, mist and spray of the product.
	Handle it only after reading and understanding all the precautions.
	Use the product only in a well ventilated room or outdoors.
Storage	
Storing conditions:	Store in a remote room from heat, sparks and naked flame. No smoking in the
	storage room.
	Store in a cool, ventilated room.
	Lock the storage room.
8. Exposure controls and personal protection	
Facility measures:	Local ventilation of closed work room or total proper ventilation to prevent
-	vapor inhalation.
Control concentration:	Not determined
Permissible concentration (Exposure limit, Biological	
exposure guide line) Japan society for occupational health.	Nat datawainad
Japan society for occupational nearth.	Not determined
ACGIH(2005) TLV-TWA	1mg/m3 (Portland cement)
Protective wears: Respiratory protection:	Use aspirator with appropriate filter
Hand protection:	Impermeable gloves

Eye protection: Skin and body protection:

Hygienic measures:

Glasses-type goggles with side plates. Long-sleeve fatigue uniform Wash hands well after handling.

Physical state Color Odor	Viscous liquid Ash gray Characteristic
Melting point/Freezing point Boiling point or initial boiling point	No data available
Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	No data available No data available
Flash point	250°C
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available
Decomposition temperature	No data available
рН	Not applicable
Dynamic viscosity	Not applicable
Solubility	insoluble in water, soluble in common organic solvents
n-octanol/water partition coefficient:	No data available
	Nat applicable
Vapor pressure Density and/or relative density	Not applicable 1.6~1.9 (20°C)
Relative vapor density	Heavier than air
Particle characteristics	No data available
10. Stability and reactivity	
Stability:	Stable under normal conditions and handling.
Chemical stability:	Stable under normal conditions and handling.
Possibility of hazardous reaction:	Reacts with organic base, strong oxidizing agents.
Prohibitive conditions:	Heat
Prohibitive contact:	Organic base, oxidizing agent
Hazardous decomposed substances:	Generates Aldehyde, Acid and Organic matter by thermal decomposition.
11. Hazard information	
Acute toxicity (oral)	Estimation ATE mix=11400mg/kg
	The product, as the mixture, falls in Not classified
Skin corrosion/irritation	The product, as the mixture, falls in Category 2.
Eye damage/irritation	The product, as the mixture, falls in Category 2B.
Skin sensitization	The product, as the mixture, falls in Category 1.
Single toxicity	The product, as the mixture, falls in Category 3 (respiratory tract irritancy)
Reproductive toxicity	The product, as the mixture, falls in Category 1 (respiratory system)
As a result of the Ministry of Health, Labor and Welfa	re's toxicity study, mutagenicity tests using micro-organisms and chromosomal ed mutagenicity exceeding the prescribed criteria and may cause health problems.
12. Ecological information	
Ecotoxicity:	None known at present.
Persistence/degradability:	None known at present.
Ecological accumulative property:	None known at present.
Mobility in soil:	None known at present.
Hazard to the aquatic environment (Acute hazard):	The product, as the mixture, falls in Category 1.
Hazard to the aquatic environment (Long-term hazard):	The product, as the mixture, falls in Category 1.
Hazard to the ozone layer:	Does not contain any ingredients listed in the Annexes to the Montreal Protocol. Classification not possible.
13. Notes on disposal	
Residual & waste:	In the disposal of residual and other wastes, observe the relevant laws
	/regulations and local government rules.
	Users of the product should contract with the local government or licensed
	'Industrial Waste Processors' for disposal of waste.
	It is important to let the contractor know well of fire and health hazards of the

Contaminated containers & packages:

9. Physical and chemical properties

product, prior to disposal.

Clean the containers for reuse or dispose them properly in accordance with relevant regulations and local government rules.

Completely empty containers prior to disposal.

14. Transport information

International rule

UN number:	3077
Proper shipping name:	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S.
UN classification:	Class 9
Packing group:	Ш
Sea Pollution Prevention Act	Harmful liquid material
	The enforcement order separate table first; X Group
	(Reaction product of bisphenol A and epichlorohydrin)
	However, it is not applicable when net weight in one container is 5L or less.
Domestic control:	
Guidance Number	171
Onshore control info.	Observe the Fire Defense Law.

Offshore control info.

Air cargo control info.

Special safety measure:

15. Regulatory information

PRTR Law:

Literature:

material itself do not suffer severe friction and vibration. If possible cause of casualty, such as heavy leakage, is found during transportation, try to remedy the situation and notify the fact to the nearby fire department or the relevant bureau. Do not load hazardous materials together with food and feedstuff. Labor Safety and Hygiene Law: Hazardous materials to be notified to the authority (Chapter 57, Section 2) Reaction product of bisphenol A and epichlorohydrin, Titanium oxide, Portland cement Hazardous materials to be posted (Chapter 18 of Ordinance) Reaction product of bisphenol A and epichlorohydrin, Titanium oxide, Portland cement Mutagenicity chemical substance 2nd class organic solvents (Solvent Addiction Prevention Rule, Clause 1.1.4) Not applicable Mutagenicity chemical substance Reaction product of bisphenol A and epichlorohydrin Carcinogenicity of chemical substances (Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health Chapter 34, Section 2-4) Not applicable Chemical substances that cause skin and other skin disorders (related to Article 22 of the Law). Reaction product of bisphenol A and epichlorohydrin Fire Defense Law: Not applicable Not applicable **Poisonous & Deleterious Substance Control Law:** Not applicable Sea Pollution Prevention Act Harmful liquid material The enforcement order separate table first; X Group Reaction product of bisphenol A and epichlorohydrin However, it is not applicable when net weight in one container is 5L or less. 16. Other information 1) Chemicals Safety Data Sheet (MSDS) Part 1: Content and Order of Items 2) Guideline for MSDS Edition (Revised Edition) by Japan Chem. Ind. Assoc.

Observe the Marine Vessel Safety Law.

On-board containers of hazardous material must be piled firmly and orderly to

Cargo of hazardous material must be transported in a way the containers or the

Observe the Aviation Law.

Observe the Fire Defense Law.

avoid falling, tumbling and breaking.

3) GHS Classification Database, Site of National Institute of Technology and Evaluation

4) Hazard Handbook of Chemicals by Japan Industrial Safety and Health Association

5) Hazard communication of chemicals based on GHS-Labelling and Safety Data Sheet (SDS) JIS Z 7253:2019

This data sheet is edited by referring to currently available information, however, it is not intended to guarantee the data values or the

precision of contained information. The precautions mentioned above are for ordinary handling and use only therefore please handle with care by implementing appropriate safety measures for new application and usage.